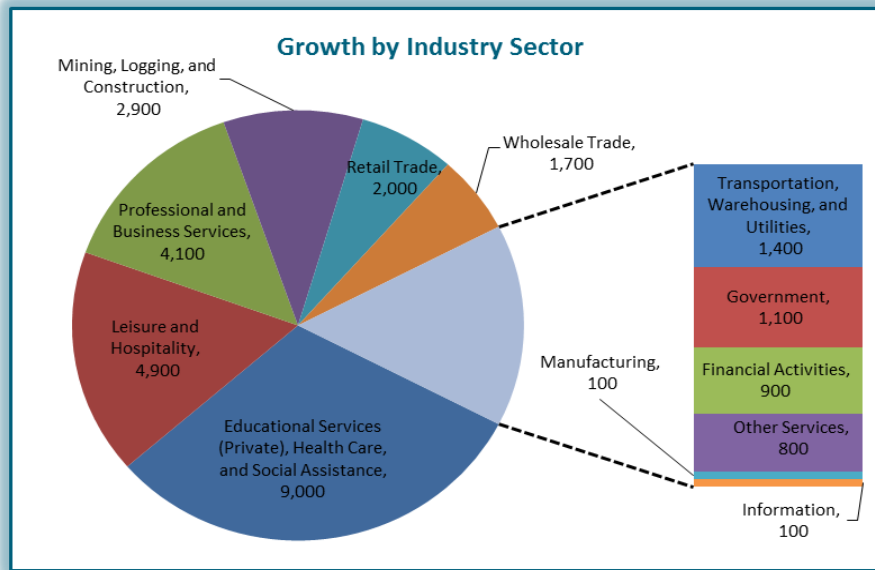


Industry Employment, which includes self-employment, private household workers, farm, and nonfarm employment in Stanislaus County, is expected to reach 220,600 by 2024, an increase of 16.7 percent over the 10-year projection period. All nonfarm industry sectors are projected to grow between 2014 and 2024.



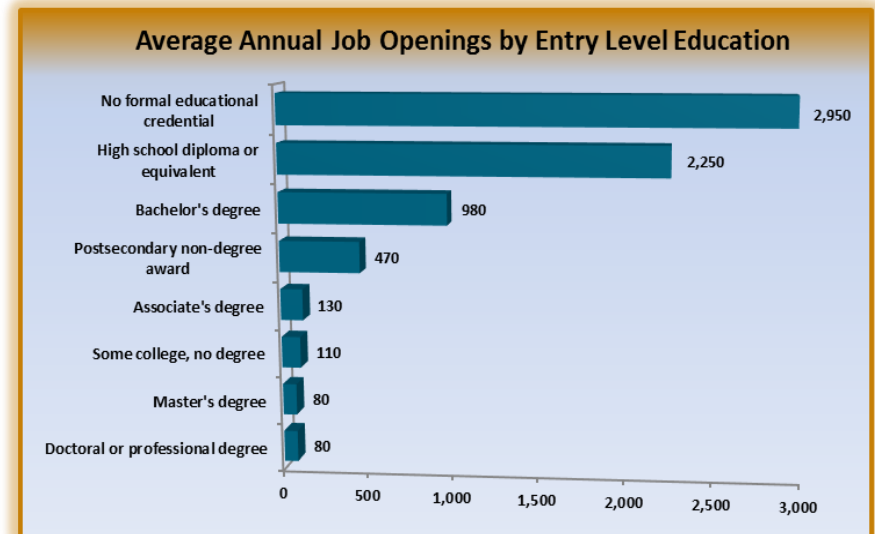
Total nonfarm employment is projected to gain 28,900 jobs by 2024. Seventy-two percent of all projected nonfarm job growth is concentrated in four industry sectors.

- Educational services (private), health care, and social assistance is projected to gain the most, adding 9,000 jobs.
- Leisure and hospitality is projected to add 4,900 jobs, an increase of 29 percent.
- Professional and business services is projected to add 4,100 jobs with the majority of growth in administrative and support and waste management and remediation services.
- Mining, logging, and construction is projected to gain 2,900 jobs.

Occupational Employment forecasts 32,200 new jobs from industry growth and approximately 44,500 job openings from replacement needs for a combined total of more than 76,700 job openings.

The 50 occupations with the most job openings are forecasted to generate about 45,100 total job openings over the projection period, which is about 59 percent of all job openings. The top three occupations with the most job openings are combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food; cashiers, and retail salespersons. These occupations earn median wages ranging from \$9.59 to \$10.28 per hour and require no formal educational credential. Higher skilled occupations, requiring a bachelor's degree or higher, include registered nurses, general and operations managers, and accountants and auditors.

The 50 fastest growing occupations anticipate a growth rate of 23 percent or higher. Occupations range from hostess and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop which require no formal educational credential and earn a median wage of \$9.51 per hour to medical and health services managers which require a bachelor's degree and earn a median annual wage of \$118,893.



The following table, categorized by entry-level education, provides a summary of the fastest- and largest-growing occupations.

2014-2024 Comparison of Growing Occupations by Entry Level Education Stanislaus County

Fastest Growing (New Jobs from Industry Growth)	Entry Level Education	Largest Growing (New Jobs and Replacement Needs)
Lawyers (20.7% or 60 jobs) Clinical, Counseling, and School Psychologists (20.5% or 90 jobs) Pharmacists (5.7% or 20 jobs)	Doctoral or Professional Degree	Clinical, Counseling, and School Psychologists (190 jobs) Pharmacists (100 jobs) Lawyers (100 jobs)
Mental Health Counselors (31.8% or 70 jobs) Educational, Guidance, School, and Vocational Counselors (8.8% or 30 jobs) Instructional Coordinators (5.0% or 20 jobs) Education Administrators, Elementary and Secondary School (3.8% or 10 jobs)	Master's Degree	Mental Health Counselors (120 jobs) Educational, Guidance, School, and Vocational Counselors (100 jobs) Education Administrators, Elementary and Secondary School (90 jobs) Instructional Coordinators (60 jobs)
Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists (36.7% or 110 jobs) Medical and Health Services Managers (33.3% or 120 jobs) Management Analysts (32.3% or 100 jobs) Registered Nurses (31.0% or 930 jobs) Cost Estimators (31.0% or 90 jobs)	Bachelor's Degree	Registered Nurses (1,640 jobs) General and Operations Managers (1,250 jobs) Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education (540 jobs) Accountants and Auditors (490 jobs) Substitute Teachers (410 jobs)
Dental Hygienists (17.9% or 50 jobs) Agricultural and Food Science Technicians (15.0% or 30 jobs) Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education (12.0% or 90 jobs) Paralegals and Legal Assistants (9.1% or 80 jobs)	Associate's Degree	Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education (310 jobs) Paralegals and Legal Assistants (280 jobs) Dental Hygienists (90 jobs) Agricultural and Food Science Technicians (90 jobs)
Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers (60.7% or 170 jobs) Emergency Medical Technicians and Paramedics (40.0% or 100 jobs) Nursing Assistants (34.1% or 630 jobs) Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses (29.9% or 230 jobs) Phlebotomists (29.6% or 80 jobs)	Postsecondary Non-degree Award	Nursing Assistants (1,050 jobs) Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers (860 jobs) Medical Assistants (580 jobs) Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses (450 jobs) Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics (270 jobs)
Computer User Support Specialists (25.0% or 70 jobs) Teacher Assistants (5.3% or 130 jobs) Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks (1.4% or 30 jobs)	Some College, No Degree	Teacher Assistants (710 jobs) Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks (230 jobs) Computer User Support Specialists (110 jobs)
Plumbers, Pipefitters, and Steamfitters (53.1% or 260 jobs) Electricians (43.8% or 320 jobs) Sheet Metal Workers (41.7% or 100 jobs) First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers (37.3% or 410 jobs) Pest Control Workers (34.8% or 80 jobs)	High School Diploma or Equivalent	Farmers, Ranchers, and Other Agricultural Managers (1,170 jobs) Office Clerks, General (1,100 jobs) Customer Service Representatives (750 jobs) Maintenance and Repair Workers, General (740 jobs) First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers (740 jobs)
Roofers (52.2% or 120 jobs) Painters, Construction and Maintenance (47.1% or 330 jobs) Cooks, Restaurant (42.0% or 420 jobs) Personal Care Aides (36.1% or 2,150 jobs) Bartenders (35.7% or 150 jobs)	No Formal Educational Credential	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food (3,300 jobs) Cashiers (2,840 jobs) Retail Salespersons (2,740 jobs) Personal Care Aides (2,630 jobs) Farmworkers and Laborers, Crop, Nursery, and Greenhouse (2,190 jobs)

Excludes "All-Other" occupations and those with employment less than 200 in 2014.

Source: California Employment Development Department